



# Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
NUMBER

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**FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

**9231/13**

Paper 1 Further Pure Mathematics 1

**May/June 2020**

**2 hours**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **16** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1 The cubic equation  $7x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$  has roots  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ .

(a) Find a cubic equation whose roots are  $\alpha^{-1}, \beta^{-1}, \gamma^{-1}$ . [3]

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(b) Find the value of  $\alpha^{-2} + \beta^{-2} + \gamma^{-2}$ . [2]

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(c) Find the value of  $\alpha^{-3} + \beta^{-3} + \gamma^{-3}$ . [2]

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5 The curve  $C$  has polar equation  $r = a \tan \theta$ , where  $a$  is a positive constant and  $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{1}{4}\pi$ .

(a) Sketch  $C$  and state the greatest distance of a point on  $C$  from the pole. [2]

(b) Find the exact value of the area of the region bounded by  $C$  and the half-line  $\theta = \frac{1}{4}\pi$ . [4]

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(c) Sketch  $C$ , stating the coordinates of the intersections with the axes.

[3]

- (d) Sketch the curve with equation  $y = \left| \frac{10+x-2x^2}{2x-3} \right|$  and find in exact form the set of values of  $x$  for which  $\left| \frac{10+x-2x^2}{2x-3} \right| < 4$ . [6]

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